

SMR-160: An Unconditionally Safe, Certain and Cost-Competitive Advanced Light Water Reactor to Meet the 21st Century's Growing Green Energy Needs



March 01, 2022
Holtec International

TOPICS to consider

- Why new nuclear, SMRs?
- Are they, or can they ever be ‘affordable’
- What really is so compelling about new nuclear, and what makes this time different than previous ‘nuclear renaissances’
- LWR-SMRs vs ARs?
- Fuel – new fuel, spent fuel, issues and opportunities
- Anything else you want to talk about ...

SMR-160 started over 10 years ago ... a natural progression for Holtec's technology portfolio



Heat Transfer Equipment

Designer and manufacturer of heat transfer equipment with projects in over 35 countries



Horizontal Steam Generator

Air Cooled Condensers

NSSS and BOP Equipment Design

Spent Fuel and Waste Management

Over 40% of the world's commercial spent nuclear fuel is stored using Holtec's technologies



Nuclear Fuel Storage and Transport

High Capacity Fuel Storage Racks

Fuel Design and Management Expertise

SMR-160 (160 MWe)
Develop and Deliver walk-away-safe small modular reactor with passive safety



Manufacturing, Construction, Site Services

Three US Manufacturing Facilities and International Site Construction and Site Services Business



Holtec's Advanced Manufacturing Division



Holtec's Site Services and Site Construction

Design Input from Manufacturing, Construction, Site Experience

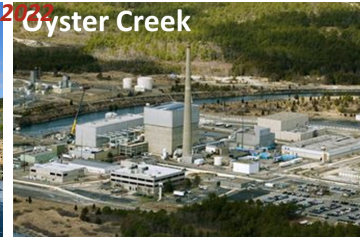
Safe, Efficient and Compliant

Decommissioning

Owner and Licensee of Pilgrim, Oyster Creek, Indian Point 1-3 with 8-year decommissioning plans and Palisades acquisition pending in 2024



Pilgrim



Oyster Creek

Part 50 License Holder, Public Engagement, Security Services, Waste, NPP Operations

SMR 160 Program



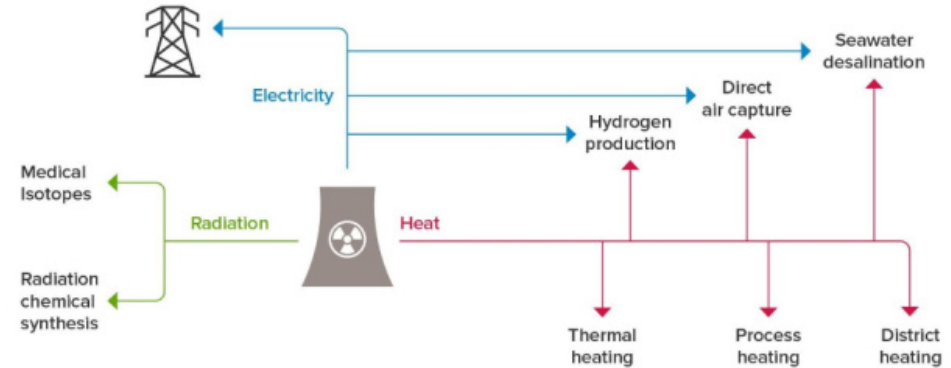
- **Holtec has been developing the SMR-160 at our own cost for 10 years**
 - ✓ Reactor and Plant developed in accord w 10CFR-50 regs and criteria, US design and construction codes
 - ✓ Large program now w large team and partners
- **U.S. DOE Grant for Integral & Separate Effects T/H Testing (ISET) Program Validating Passive Safety Systems with INL Award**
 - ✓ 4-phase, multi-year program with collaboration from Idaho National Labs (INL) in ARDP
- **U.S. DOE Advanced Reactor Demonstration Program (ARDP) Risk Reduction Pathway Award (2020)**
 - ✓ \$147.5M cost-share Program fully allocated by Congress for entire 4-year Program
 - ✓ including Integral & Separate Effects T/H Testing (ISET) Program with Completion of the Preliminary Safety Analysis Report (PSAR)
- **Detailed Design and Construction specification for USA w EPC Partners Kiewit and Hyundai Engineering & Construction**
 - ✓ Developing standard plant engineering design – shovel-ready EPC spec – in parallel w ARDP



SMR-160 Applications and Operations Modes

Applications

- Electricity Generation: 160 MWe Net
- Industrial Process Heat & Hydrogen Production
 - ✓ Bypass conditions determined by application
 - ✓ The standard SMR-160 plant produces 1,674,000 lb/hr of superheated steam at 700 psia and 590°F (88°F superheat)
 - ✓ Eliminates need for load following where steam or hydrogen production applications are profitable



Base load, high Capacity Factor w Operational Flexibility

- Able to be operated in Island Mode, enabled by self-powering house loads
- Black-Start-capable, enabled by standby diesel generators and black-start source (base electrical design, source add-on)
- Load Following Capability, enabled by BOP Design and turbine selection

Key Attributes of SMR-160

- Design makes Loss Of Cooling Accident non-credible; consequences of any event well below regulatory limits at fence-line
- Highly automated and inherently safe, w a minimal staff and no operator actions required for design basis events
- Sabotage resistant – minimal security staffing required
- Only EQ-ed parts and materials, qualified fuel system, supplied off-the-shelf



SMR-160 in Single-Unit Configuration

Plant Performance Parameters



Parameter	Value	Parameter	Value
Technology developer	Holtec International	Configuration of RCS	Integral type with offset SG
Country of origin	USA	Power conversion process	Indirect Rankine cycle
Reactor type	PWR	Fuel type/assembly array	UO ₂ / rectangular array
Electrical (net) capacity	160 MWe	Fuel assembly active length	12.0 ft
Thermal capacity	525 MWth	Number of fuel assemblies	57
Capacity factor	≥ 95%	Fuel Lattice	17 x 17
Design life	80 years	Average fuel enrichment	4.5 wt% U-235
Coolant/moderator	Light water	Maximum fuel enrichment	5 wt% U-235
Primary circulation	Gravity-driven	Average Fuel burnup	50 GWd/MTU
System pressure	2250 psia	Fuel cycle	24 months (flexible)
Core inlet/exit	466.3/610.8 °F	No. of CRAs	25
Reactivity control	Soluble boron and RCCAs	Cogeneration capability	Capable
RPV height	49 ft	Engineered safety systems	Passive
RPV diameter	9.5 ft	Number of safety trains	2
RPV or module weight	200 metric tons	Refueling outage	10 days

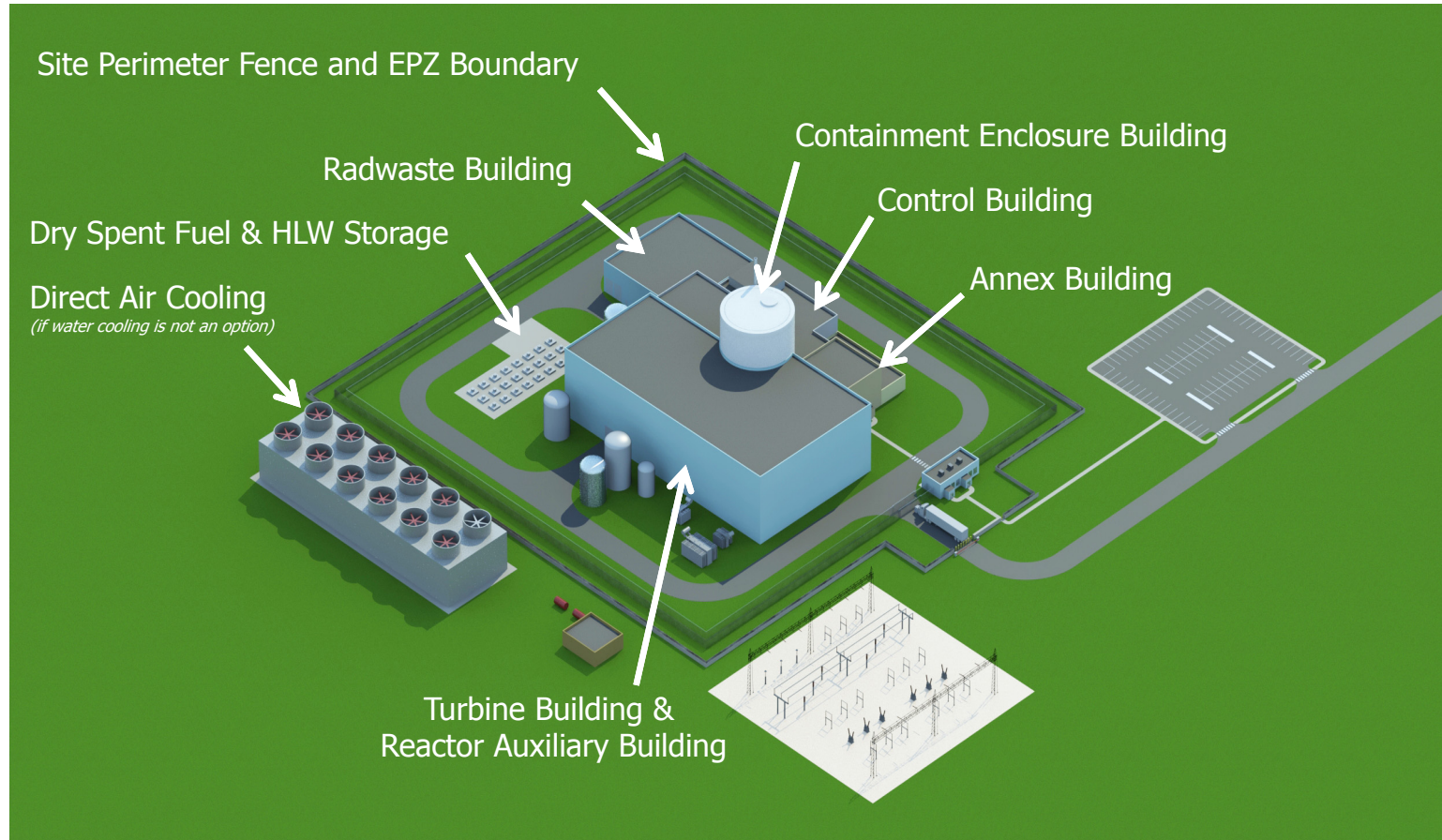
Plant operating temperatures and pressures all within the envelope of existing LWR technologies...

Each SMR-160 Plant is Compact and Autonomous

Land Use

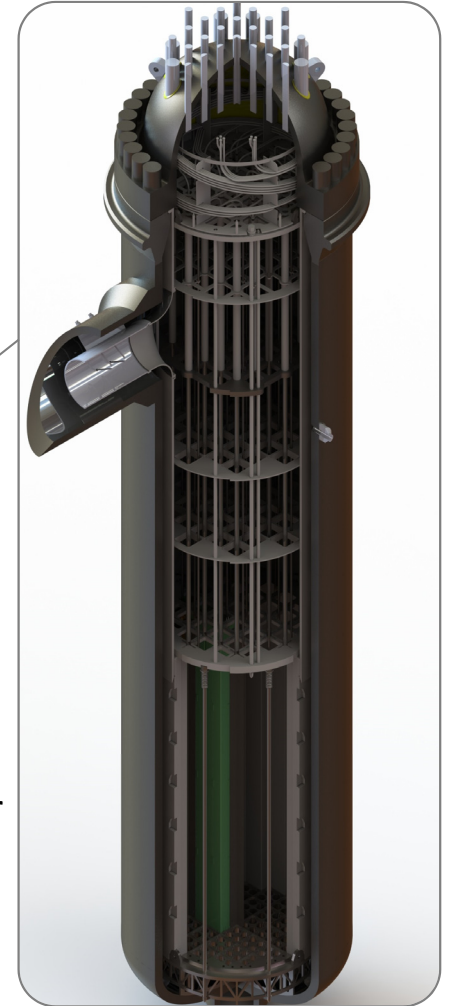
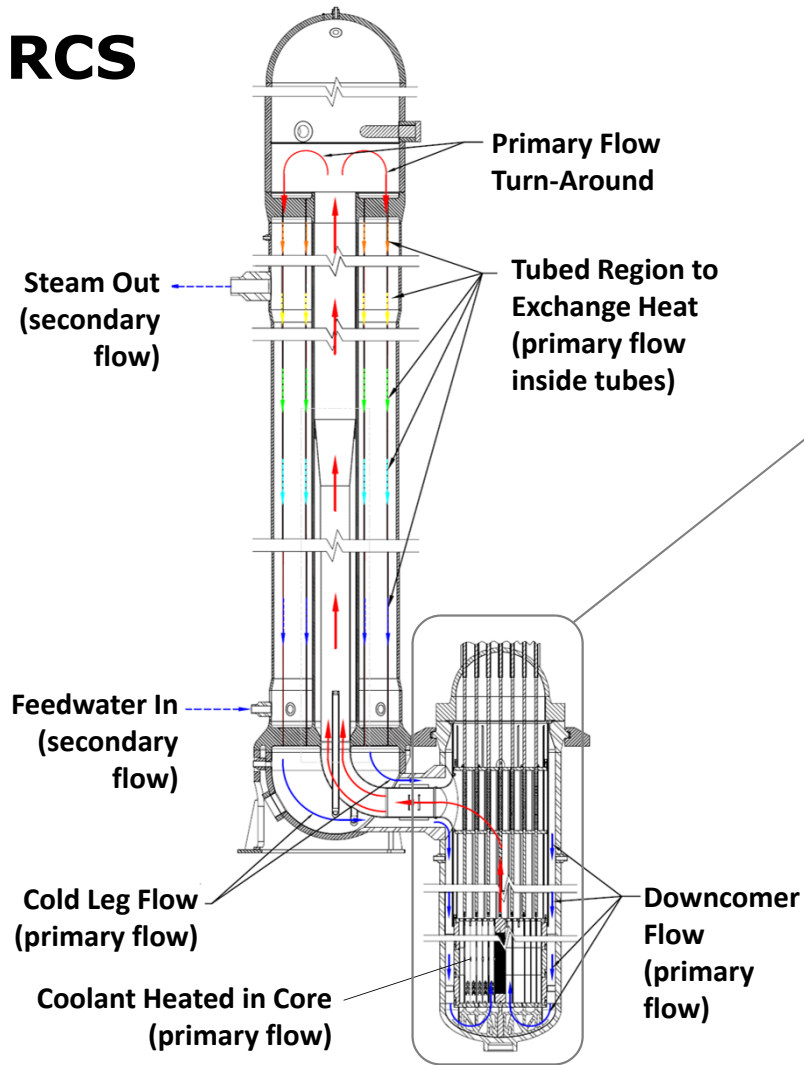
- Single Unit: 5 acre
[2 hectare]
- Four-Unit Block: 16 acre
[6.5 hectare]

**EPZ Boundary = Site
Boundary**



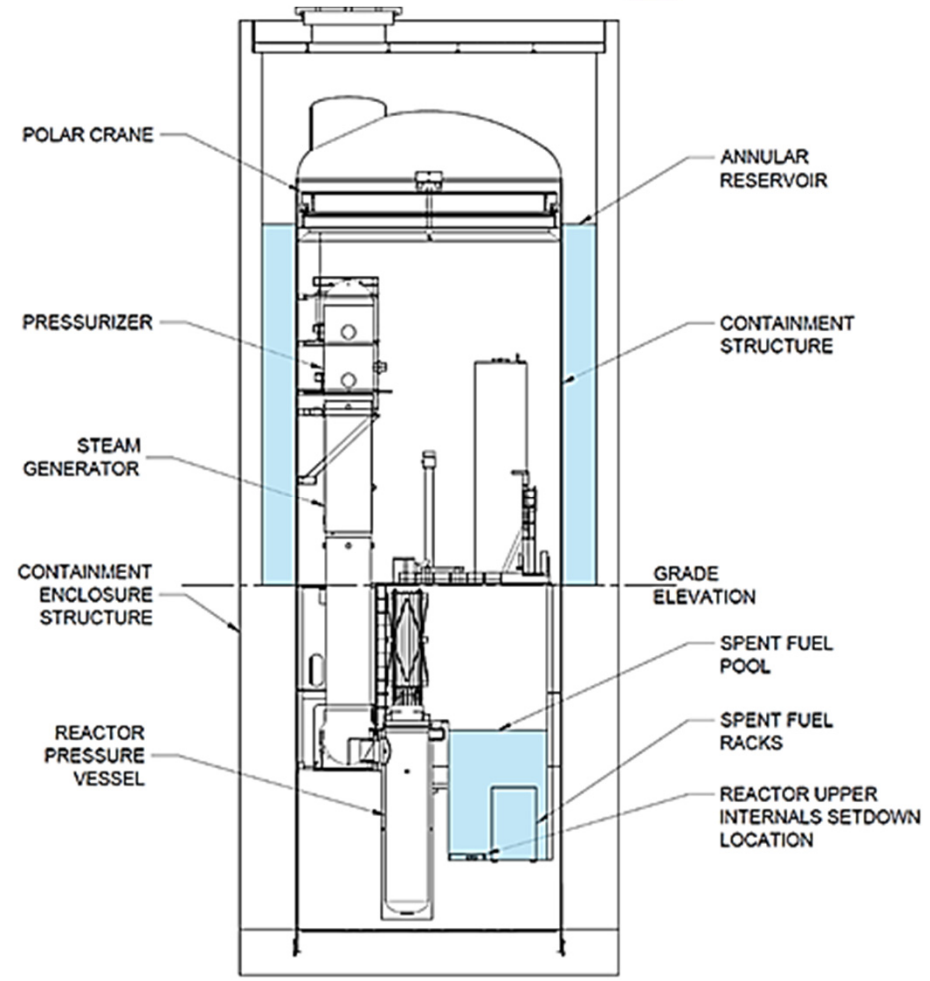
Innovative features in RCS

- Integral PWR design
- Offset SG for easy refueling
- Once-Through Steam Generator produces superheated steam
- Large Pressurizer volume simplifies operations (no charging or letdown during power maneuvers)
- Water volume to power ratio $\sim 4x$ larger than traditional PWRs
- Large heat removal buffer for postulated transients due to large steam generator shell-side volume (with secondary flow outside tubes)



Essential Design Features of SMR-160

- Standard PWR Core Configuration and Fuel Design
- NSSS, Safety Systems, and Spent Fuel Pool are inside and protected within Containment Structure
- Reactor and Fuel Pool located below grade
- Containment Enclosure Structure is thick steel-concrete-steel structure, ultimate heat sink and resistant to accidents and sabotage
- Natural circulation for primary circuit and safety systems – for assured heat removal for plant all modes and states
- Containment Enclosure Structure and Annular Reservoir act as large heat exchanger during a LOCA to safely cool the containment, passively rejecting the reactor and spent fuel heat to the atmosphere for an indefinite period

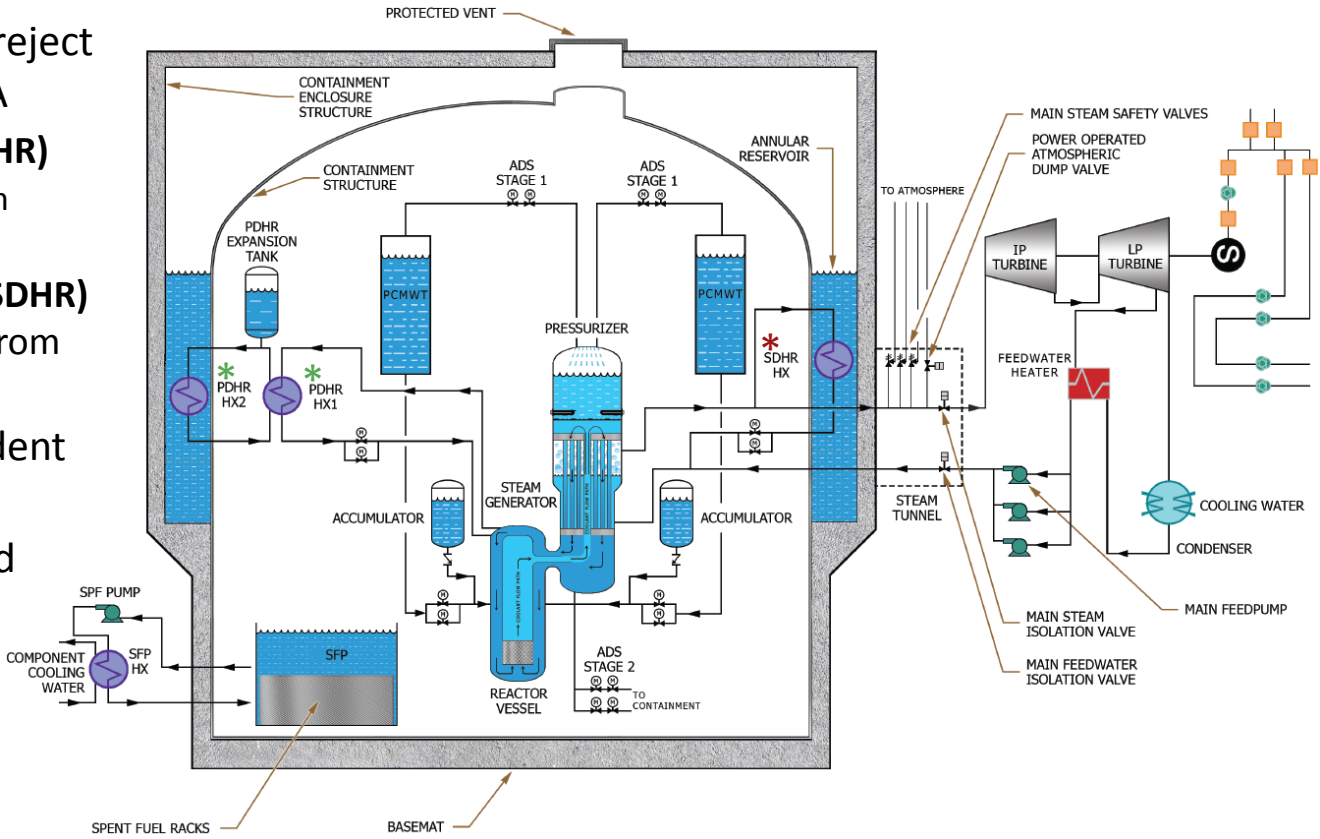


SMR-160 Containment Enclosure Structure and Internals

Essential Design Features of SMR-160

Passive Engineered Safety Systems

- Redundant and diverse pathways to reject heat in the case of a postulated LOCA
 - ✓ **Primary Decay Heat Removal (PDHR) System** - Removes heat passively from reactor vessel
 - ✓ **Secondary Decay Heat Removal (SDHR) System** - Removes heat passively from steam generator
- No operator action required for accident mitigation (“walk-away safe”)
- Exploits gravity-driven convective and conductive heat transfer modes to provide an unlimited post-accident coping period
- Uses only proven materials



“Elegant Design” according to multiple client comments

SMR-160 uses widely used fuel design to give the owner choice of multiple vendors

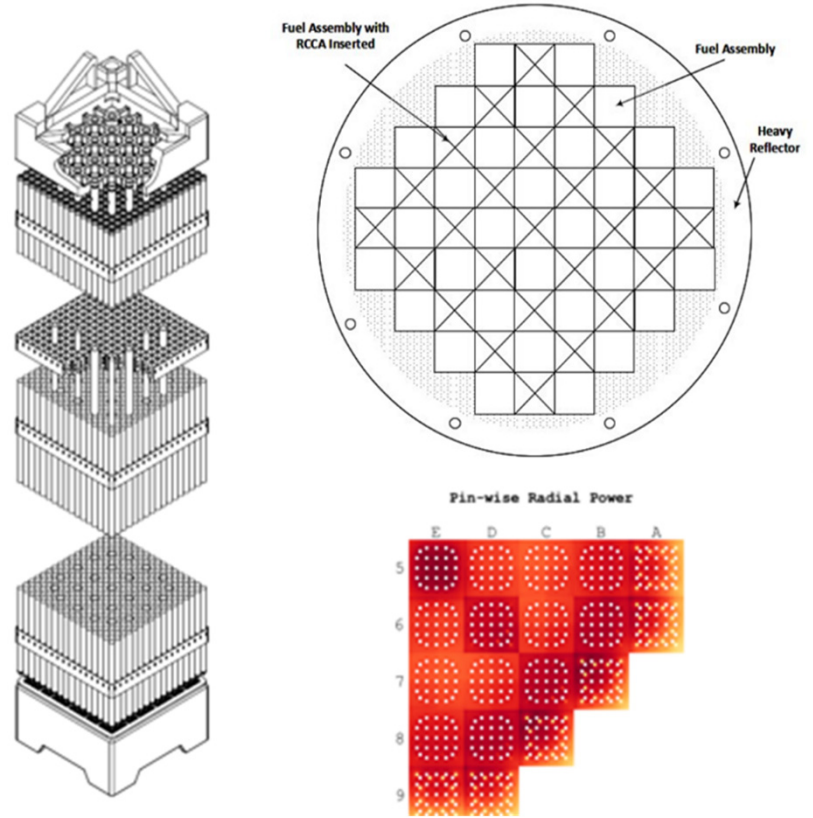
■ Proven fuel design

- ✓ 57 Assemblies
- ✓ 17x17 GAIA fuel assemblies
- ✓ Known materials, available now

■ Design Parameters

- ✓ 24-month cycle, burnup ~50 GWd/MTU
- ✓ 25 RCCAs
- ✓ Boron for fine reactivity control
- ✓ Heavy reflector
- ✓ Gd_2O_3 used as integral poison
- ✓ Max weight % U-235 < 5%

- **Safe** - Negative reactivity coefficients, large shutdown margin, large margin against departure from nucleate boiling



SMR-160 Fuel Assembly and Reactor Core Configuration

- 17x17 GAIA Bundle
- Standard Fuel Length

SMR-160 Licensing Plan for the USA



- Designed according to current US Regulations and Guidance Documents
 - ✓ 10 CFR Part 50 Appendix A General Design Criteria
 - ✓ NUREG-0800 for Format and Content of Safety Analysis Report
 - ✓ Other regulatory guidance documents
- International regulatory requirements and guidance are evaluated and incorporated into the design
- Operating experience and manufacturing experience incorporated into the design
- Follow the 10 CFR Part 50 Two-Part application process – PSAR & CPA

SMR-160 status and actions

- Detailed design is proceeding, along with methods V&V, and long-lead subcontract engineering programs
- Licensing commitments are being codified in a Preliminary Safety Analysis Report to support a construction permit
- Pre-licensing engagements with NRC ongoing
- Developing anchor project(s) in USA, India and Middle East
- Establishing fabrication, supply chain, and licensing certainty for global deployments
 - ✔ Securing major partners through strategic agreements
 - ✔ Establishing relationships with commercial suppliers
 - ✔ Selecting off-the-shelf components to minimize R&D
 - ✔ Identifying localization opportunities to ensure a cost competitive offering

Holtec's SMR-160

Simple Modular Advanced Reactor Technology

A Safe and Secure Source of
Carbon-Free Energy Positioned to
Fulfill the World's Energy Needs



Safe and
Secure



Reliable and
Efficient



Environmentally
Friendly



Low Operation and
Maintenance Costs

Thank you!