

## The Changing Face of Quality Related to the Nuclear Renaissance

#### Tara Werner VA-ANS October 2008 Meeting October 16, 2008



### Introduction

#### > Changing market

- Nuclear renaissance
- Global marketplace
- Higher levels of expectations and scrutiny
- > Focused areas of significant change
  - Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) expectations and concerns
  - Institute of Nuclear Power Operations (INPO) Assists
  - American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) expectations
  - Customer expectations
  - Supply Chain challenges
  - Resource Issues



#### > NRC Changes and Expectations

 Re-organized to introduce the NRO (New Reactors) group to focus on new builds

#### • SECY-07-0105, Vendor Inspection Program

- Focused on new reactor licensing and construction
- Increased inspection frequency
- Increased scrutiny
- Global marketplace
- Influence on Codes and Standards
- NRC trend in recent inspection findings and overall concerns
  - Corrective Action Program
  - 10 CFR 21
  - Commercial Grade Dedication
  - Fraudulent supply items



### Commission Paper On Vendor Inspection Program (SECY-07-0105)

#### > Purpose

- To inform the Commission that the Office of New Reactors (NRO) is enhancing the NRO Vendor Inspection Program (VIP) in support of new reactor licensing and construction
- To describe these enhancements, including the development of program guidance and an anticipated increase in audit and inspection activities
- > Significant factors that led to expand oversight of nuclear component suppliers include the following:
  - The entry of new suppliers to the U.S. nuclear industry
  - The use of modular construction techniques
  - Inspections, tests, analyses, and acceptance criteria (ITAAC) verification
  - Engineering and licensing support services to most applicants



### **NRO Vendor Inspection Program**

- > To the extent practical, leverage international regulatory oversight
  - Currently being developed under Multi-National Design Evaluation Program (MDEP)
  - ISO 9001 v. 10 CFR 50, App. B
- > NRC participation in Codes & Standards Development
  - ASME Section III & QAI
  - ASME NQA-1



#### > NRC trend in recent inspection findings and overall concerns

- Corrective Action Program
  - Overdue evaluations and actions
  - Self-Identification of issues
- 10 CFR 21
  - Errors in a vendor's evaluation, conclusion, and recommended reporting
  - Vendor not meeting the timeliness requirements
  - No procedural guidance existed for determining if a significant condition adverse to quality as part of the corrective action program within the Appendix B to 10 CFR Part 50 (Appendix B) QA program warranted a 10 CFR Part 21 evaluation
  - Vendor evaluations performed under the corrective action program were utilized as the 10 CFR Part 21 evaluations



- > NRC trend in recent inspection findings and overall concerns
  - Commercial Grade Dedication
    - Commercial-grade surveys are <u>not</u> a generic programmatic review of a supplier's quality program
    - Commercial-grade surveys should focus on verifying the specific critical characteristics for the item being supplied/purchased
    - A safety function determination should:
      - Consider both design bases and parts classification (e.g., seismic and environmental qualification)
    - An engineering evaluation should:
      - Identify design/performance attributes (critical characteristics) necessary to perform safety-related structures, systems, and components (SSC) safety function
    - Procurement activities should:
      - Confirm the engineering evaluation (e.g., surveys, testing)



- > NRC trend in recent inspection findings and overall concerns
  - Fraudulent Supply Items
    - Suppliers must be monitored to ensure that fraudulent items do not enter the supply chain
    - Receipt inspection
    - Annual Supplier Evaluation
    - Supplier Audits
  - Examples
    - Valve Replacement Parts
    - Refurbished Valves
    - Refurbished circuit breakers



### **INPO** Assists

- > INPO Assists performed in 2008 focused partially in the following areas:
  - Corrective Action Program
  - Self-Assessment Program
  - Lessons Learned
  - Operating Experience
  - Expectation is for excellence
    - Scoring and comparing utilities is driving performance improvements

### **ASME Changes**

#### > ASME Changes and Expectations

- Increased NRC scrutiny
- Improve quality of ASME surveys
  - Increased survey frequency
  - Survey team size increases
  - Survey length increases
  - More thorough surveys
  - Surveys in remote locations
- Quality Deficiencies
  - Open after the survey
  - Possible delay in renewal of certifications
- New survey checklists being developed
- Surveys will focus on actual implementation as opposed to demonstrations
- Increased focus on Nuclear Industry Assessment Committee (NIAC)



### **Customer Expectations**

#### > Customer Changes and Expectations

- Increased customer scrutiny
  - Mega NUPIC audits include large teams for longer periods of time at different locations
- Increased interest in continuous improvement efforts – focused on excellence as opposed to precise compliance
  - Corrective Action Program
  - Self-Assessment Program
  - Lessons Learned
  - Operating Experience
  - Metrics/Key Performance Indicators
  - Safety (nuclear and industrial)
  - More critical self-questioning organization
  - AREVA as one company



### **Supply Chain**

#### > Supply Chain challenges

- Increase in new suppliers to the nuclear industry
- Increase in suppliers who withdrew from the industry and are now trying to return
- Strong nuclear quality culture with a clear understanding of the applicable NRC regulations
  - 10 CFR 50, App. B
  - 10 CFR 21
- Increase in NIAC membership
- Increased scrutiny by regulatory bodies and utilities
- Suppliers involved with Commercial Grade Dedication activities need rigorous engineering involvement
- May require extensive quality and procurement efforts from utilities and contractors to ensure supplier compliance and understanding



### **Resource Needs**

#### > Resource Needs

- Lack of resources and aging workforce throughout our industry
- Specifically in Quality, qualifications require special training and time to internalize
  - Lead Auditors
  - QC Inspectors
  - Root Cause Investigators
- Lessons Learned training for the industry
- Training challenges
  - "Route and read" training is ineffective
- Increased training and qualification of personnel performing work
  - New employees entering the nuclear industry
  - Technical training





- Industry can expect increased oversight from NRC, ASME, and other regulatory bodies
- > Contractors/Suppliers will be closely monitored by customers
- > Enhanced emphasis on 10 CFR 21 and how it is applied
- > Enhanced emphasis on Commercial Grade Dedication
- > New suppliers in the industry will need to be coached and monitored closely to gain good understanding of nuclear industry requirements
- > Need to provide training on lessons learned in the industry
- > Increased training and qualification of personnel performing work
- Industry is focused on excellence as opposed to just compliance



# **Questions?**